101st CONGRESS 1st Session

9

H. R. 3536

To provide for a referendum on the political status of Puerto Rico.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

OCTOBER 26, 1989

Mr. LAGOMARSINO (for himself, Mr. Murphy, Mr. Coleman of Missouri, Mr. Skelton, and Mr. Green) introduced the following bill; which was referred jointly to the Committees on Interior and Insular Affairs and Rules

A BILL

To provide for a referendum on the political status of Puerto Rico.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

That—

(1) the United States of America recognizes the
principle of self-determination and other applicable
principles of international law with respect to Puerto
Rico; and

(2) the United States is committed to a process of

consultation and negotiation with the people of Puerto

- 1 Rico leading to a referendum on the issue of political
- 2 status to be conducted in a fair and equitable manner.
- 3 SEC. 2. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Puerto Rico Status
- 5 Referendum Act".
- 6 TITLE I
- 7 SEC. 101. REFERENDUM.
- 8 (a) In General.—An islandwide referendum shall be
- 9 held in Puerto Rico in which qualified voters of the Common-
- 10 wealth of Puerto Rico shall be presented a choice of three
- 11 status options for Puerto Rico. The options shall appear on
- 12 the ballot as follows:
- 13 (1) Statehood as set forth in title Π of the Puerto
- 14 Rico Status Referendum Act;
- 15 (2) Independence as set forth in title III of the
- Puerto Rico Status Referendum Act; and
- 17 (3) Commonwealth as set forth in title IV of the
- 18 Puerto Rico Status Referendum Act.
- 19 (b) DATE OF REFERENDUM.—The first referendum
- 20 shall occur on June 4, 1991, or on a date during the summer
- 21 of calendar year 1991 as may be mutually agreed by the
- 22 three principal political parties of Puerto Rico.
- 23 (c) Returns of Referendum.—The returns of the
- 24 referendum held under this Act shall be made to the Gover-
- 25 nor of Puerto Rico, who shall cause them to be canvassed in

- 1 the manner provided by law for the canvass of votes cast in
- 2 general elections for Federal office in the Commonwealth of
- 3 Puerto Rico. If there is not a majority in favor of one of the
- 4 three options, then there shall be, on August 6, 1991, or on a
- 5 date during the summer of calendar year 1991 as may be
- 6 mutually agreed by the three principal political parties, a
- 7 runoff referendum between the two status options which had
- 8 received the largest number of votes. Such referendum shall
- 9 also include an option of "None of the Above". The Gover-
- 10 nor shall certify to the President and to the Congress of the
- 11 United States that decision of the people of Puerto Rico
- 12 which received a majority of the votes cast, if a majority is
- 13 obtained.
- 14 (d) APPLICABLE ELECTION LAWS.—The election laws
- 15 of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico for a general election
- 16 for the election of a Federal officer, and as in effect on July
- 17 15, 1989, shall apply to the referendum held under this Act,
- 18 except as otherwise specifically provided in this Act, and as
- 19 necessarily modified to recognize that it is a referendum on
- 20 status options. The Attorney General of the United States
- 21 shall provide for adequate monitoring of the referendum by
- 22 United States marshals.
- 23 (e) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—Any legal dispute or contro-
- 24 versy arising out of this referendum shall be adjudicated in
- 25 accordance with local laws and procedures, except that:

- (1)(A) Any aggrieved person (including, without limitation, any political party), within 60 days after the certification by the Governor of the results of the referendum pursuant to title I, section 101(c), may institute an action to challenge the choice certified by the Governor on the basis that (i) an electoral irregularity or irregularities had occurred, and (ii) that the irregularity or irregularities were so significant as to affect the outcome of the referendum and call into question the choice certified by the Governor.
 - (B) The three-judge court provided for in paragraph (2) shall have exclusive jurisdiction of proceedings instituted pursuant to this section and shall exercise the same without regard to whether the aggrieved shall have exhausted any administrative or other remedies provided by Federal law or the law of Puerto Rico.
 - (C) In any proceeding instituted pursuant to this paragraph of this subsection, if the court finds that there has been an electoral irregularity or irregularities so significant as to affect the outcome of the referendum and call into question the choice certified by the Governor, the court is empowered to grant appropriate relief, including nullification of the entire referendum, ordering a recount or recounts, or any other relief

deemed appropriate to preserve the integrity of the electoral process.

- (D) The Attorney General of the United States is empowered to intervene at the request of the court in any proceeding brought under this section in order to assist in the gathering and presentation of evidence. Any aggrieved person with a Federal constitutional or Federal statutory claim arising out of the same factual nexus as an action brought under this section may intervene in that action in a manner deemed timely by the court in its discretion. Failure of such an aggrieved person to timely intervene will result in foreclosure of that person's Federal constitutional or statutory claim.
- (E) The court may give such weight as it deems appropriate to the determination of the Commonwealth Elections Commission, the courts of the Commonwealth and any other local authority or tribunal. The court is not required to provide de novo review of any and all claims of irregularities already determined by a local authority or tribunal, except as it deems necessary.
- (2)(A) Any claim brought under the United States Constitution or a Federal statute, or any claim brought to challenge the result certified by the Governor, whether brought under this Act or under the law of

- the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, shall be heard by a three-judge court which shall have exclusive jurisdiction over all such claims.
- (B) The court shall receive evidence and hear ar-4 gument, as it deems necessary. The provisions of sec-5 tion 2284(b)(3) of title 28, United States Code, shall 6 apply to proceedings of the three-judge court. It shall 7 be the duty of the Chief Judge of the First Circuit 8 Court of Appeals, with proper authorization by the 9 Chief Justice of the United States under section 291(a) 10 11 of title 28, United States Code, where necessary, to designate three judges, of whom at least one shall be a 12 circuit judge and the remaining judge or judges shall 13 be district court judges, to hear and determine any 14 15 such claim. No judge resident in Puerto Rico shall be 16 designated. Hearings of the three-judge court shall be conducted in Puerto Rico. An appeal from a final judg-17 ment of the three-judge court will lie to the Supreme 18 Court of the United States by way of certiorari. 19
- 20 (f) IMPLEMENTATION.—The procedures for implement-21 ing the status option which has been certified by the Gover-22 nor pursuant to subsection (c), shall go into effect on October 23 1, 1991, in accordance with the appropriate title of this Act.
- 24 (g) REFERENDUM INFORMATION OFFICER.—The 25 President shall appoint, from a list provided by the three

- 1 principal political parties of Puerto Rico, a referendum infor-
- 2 mation officer to be responsible for the translation and distri-
- 3 bution of information and educational materials on the refer-
- 4 endum. If the President is not satisfied with the qualifications
- 5 of those persons on the initial list, the political parties shall
- 6 submit such additional lists as may be necessary until an ap-
- 7 pointment is made. There are authorized to be appropriated
- 8 such sums as may be necessary for the purposes of this
- 9 subsection.

TITLE II—STATEHOOD

- 11 SEC. 201. PROCLAMATION.
- 12 Should statehood be certified, under section 101 of this
- 13 Act, as having obtained a majority of the votes cast in the
- 14 referendum, and upon the certification of the election of the
- 15 officers required to be elected as provided in section 206 of
- 16 this Act, the President shall issue his proclamation announc-
- 17 ing the results of said election as so ascertained. Upon the
- 18 issuance of said proclamation, the Commonwealth of Puerto
- 19 Rico (hereinafter referred to also as the "State") shall be
- 20 declared to be a State of the United States of America, and
- 21 shall be declared admitted into the Union on an equal footing
- 22 with the other States.
- 23 SEC. 202. CONSTITUTION.
- The Constitution of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico
- 25 shall always be republican in form and shall not be repugnant

- 1 to the Constitution of the United States and the principles of
- 2 the Declaration of Independence. The Constitution adopted
- 3 by a vote of the people of Puerto Rico in the election held on
- 4 June 4, 1951, has been found by Congress to be republican
- 5 in form and in conformity with the Constitution of the United
- 6 States and the principles of the Declaration of Independence,
- 7 and was accepted, ratified, and confirmed, through Public
- 8 Law 447 of the Eighty-second Congress, March 3, 1952.
- 9 The current Constitution of the Commonwealth of Puerto
- 10 Rico as ratified by the people at the referendum held on
- 11 June 4, 1951, is hereby accepted as the Constitution of the
- 12 State.
- 13 SEC. 203. TERRITORY AND BOUNDARIES.
- 14 The State shall consist of all of the territory, together
- 15 with the waters included in the seaward boundary, of the
- 16 Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.
- 17 SEC. 204. STATE TITLE TO LANDS AND PROPERTY.
- 18 (a) The State and its political subdivisions shall have
- 19 and retain title to all property, real and personal, which it
- 20 currently holds, including, but not limited to, title to sub-
- 21 merged lands heretofore granted to Puerto Rico.
- 22 (b) Any lands and other properties that, as of the date of
- 23 admission of Puerto Rico into the Union, are set aside pursu-
- 24 ant to law for the use of the United States under any (1) Act
- 25 of Congress, (2) Executive order, (3) proclamation of the

- 1 President, or (4) proclamation of the Governor of the Com-
- 2 monwealth of Puerto Rico, shall remain the property of the
- 3 United States.
- 4 (c) Not later than 5 years after the date of admission of
- 5 the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico as a State of the Union,
- 6 each Federal agency having control over any land or proper-
- 7 ty that is retained by the United States pursuant to this sec-
- 8 tion shall submit a report to the President and the Congress
- 9 concerning the continued need for such land or property. If
- 10 the President determines that any such land or property, or
- 11 portion thereof, or any interest therein, is no longer needed
- 12 by the Federal Government, it shall be conveyed to the Com-
- 13 monwealth of Puerto Rico at no cost. This section does not
- 14 authorize the transfer of any interest in the Caribbean
- 15 National Forest or the San Juan Historic Site.
- 16 (d) All laws of the United States: (1) reserving to the
- 17 United States the free use or enjoyment of property which
- 18 vest in or is conveyed to the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico
- 19 or its political subdivisions pursuant to this section; or (2)
- 20 reserving the right to alter, amend, or repeal laws relating to
- 21 the ownership of such land; shall cease to be effective upon
- 22 the conveyance of the land.
- 23 SEC. 205. CLAIMS TO FEDERAL LANDS AND PROPERTY.
- 24 (a) As a compact with the United States, the Common-
- 25 wealth and its people recognize all rights and titles to any

- 1 lands or other property not granted or conferred to the Com-
- 2 monwealth or its political subdivisions by or under the au-
- 3 thority of this Act, the right or title to which is now held by
- 4 the United States or subject to disposition by the United
- 5 States.
- 6 (b)(1) Nothing contained in this Act shall recognize,
- 7 deny, enlarge, impair, or otherwise affect any claim against
- 8 the United States, and any such claim shall be governed by
- 9 applicable laws of the United States.
- 10 (2) Nothing in this Act is intended or shall be construed
- 11 as a finding, interpretation, or construction by the Congress
- 12 that any applicable law authorizes, establishes, recognizes, or
- 13 confirms the validity or invalidity of any such claim, and the
- 14 determination of the applicability of any law to any such
- 15 claim shall be unaffected by anything in this Act.
- 16 (c) No taxes shall be imposed by the State upon any
- 17 lands or other property now owned or hereafter acquired by
- 18 the United States.
- 19 SEC. 206. ELECTIONS AND ADMISSION REFERENDUM.
- 20 (a)(1) Within 30 days after the date of the certification
- 21 of the results of the referendum under title I of this Act, the
- 22 Governor of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico shall issue a
- 23 proclamation for the election of two United States Senators
- 24 and for such number of United States Representatives in
- 25 Congress as provided in this Act. The Governor of the Com-

- 1 monwealth shall certify the election of the Senators and Rep-
- 2 resentatives in the manner required by law. The Senators
- 3 and Representatives elected shall be entitled, upon the proc-
- 4 lamation issued under section 201, to be admitted to seats in
- 5 Congress and to all the rights and privileges of Senators and
- 6 Representatives of the other States in the Congress of the
- 7 United States. The Office of Resident Commissioner shall
- 8 cease to exist upon the swearing in of the first Member of the
- 9 House of Representatives so elected.
- 10 (2) In the first election of Senators from the State, the
- 11 two senatorial offices shall be separately identified and desig-
- 12 nated, and no person may be a candidate for both offices. No
- 13 such identification or designation of either of the two senato-
- 14 rial officers shall refer to or be taken to refer to the terms of
- 15 such offices, or in any way impair the privilege of the Senate
- 16 to determine the class to which each of the Senators elected
- 17 shall be assigned.
- 18 (b)(1) Election returns shall be made and certified in
- 19 such manner as provided by the electorial laws of Puerto
- 20 Rico and in such a manner as the Commonwealth of Puerto
- 21 Rico may prescribe. The Governor of the Commonwealth of
- 22 Puerto Rico shall certify the results of such elections to the
- 23 President of the United States.
- 24 (2) The new State of Puerto Rico shall be known as the
- 25 Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

- 1 (3) The individuals holding legislative, executive, and
- 2 judicial offices of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, shall
- 3 continue to discharge the duties of their respective offices,
- 4 pending the issuance of the proclamation by the President of
- 5 the United States and the admission of the Commonwealth of
- 6 Puerto Rico as a State of the Union. The officers elected or
- 7 appointed under the provisions of the constitution and laws of
- 8 the Commonwealth shall thereupon proceed to exercise all
- 9 the functions pertaining to their offices in, under, or by au-
- 10 thority of the government of the State, as provided by the
- 11 constitution and laws of the State.
- 12 SEC. 207. CONGRESSIONAL REPRESENTATION.
- 13 The Commonwealth of Puerto Rico upon its admission
- 14 into the Union, and until the next reapportionment, shall be
- 15 entitled to such additional Representatives as would be pro-
- 16 vided based upon the 1990 census. The permanent member-
- 17 ship of the House of Representatives as now prescribed by
- 18 law, is hereby increased from 435 to 435 plus the number of
- 19 additional Representatives to which the Commonwealth of
- 20 Puerto Rico is entitled.
- 21 SEC. 208. LAWS IN EFFECT.
- 22 (a) Upon admission of the Commonwealth of Puerto
- 23 Rico into the Union, all of the local laws then in force in the
- 24 Commonwealth of Puerto Rico shall be and continue in force
- 25 and effect throughout the State, except as modified or

changed by this Act, and shall be subject to repeal or amendment by the legislature of the Commonwealth. All of the laws of the United States shall have the same force and effect within the State as on the date immediately prior to the date 5 of admission of the State of Puerto Rico, except as otherwise provided in section 213 or elsewhere in this Act, and except for any provisions of law which provide for grants or other assistance to States or other units of local government or 8 9 individuals and for which the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico or residents thereof are either excluded or whose eligibility is 10 less than that provided on a uniform basis to other States. 12 Any regulatory or other provision of law, other than grants 13 and other assistance, which does not apply to Puerto Rico solely on the basis of particular geography, especially if such 14 provision does not also apply to either Alaska or Hawaii, 15 shall continue to not apply unless specifically extended by 16 17 Congress. 18 (b) Within 60 days of the certification of a majority vote for statehood in the referendum, the President shall appoint a 19 20 Commission on Federal Laws to survey the laws of the 21 United States and to make recommendations to the United States Congress as to which laws of the United States not 22 applicable to the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico should be 23made applicable and to what extent and in what manner, and 24

which applicable laws should be made inapplicable and to

- 1 what extent and in what manner. The Commission will con-
- 2 sist of seven persons (at least four of whom will be residents
- 3 of Puerto Rico who are and have been for at least 5 years
- 4 domiciled continuously in Puerto Rico at the time of their
- 5 appointments) who will be representative of the Federal,
- 6 local, private, and public interests in the applicability of laws
- 7 of the United States to the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.
- 8 The Commission will make its final report by January 1,
- 9 1994, and before that time will make such interim reports
- 10 and recommendations to the Congress as it considers appro-
- 11 priate. In formulating its recommendations the Commission
- 12 will take into consideration the potential effect of each law on
- 13 local conditions within the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico,
- 14 the policies embodied in the law and the provisions and pur-
- 15 poses of this title. The United States will bear the cost of the
- 16 work of the Commission. There are hereby authorized to be
- 17 appropriated such sums as may be necessary for the purposes
- 18 of this subsection.
- 19 SEC. 209. CONTINUATION OF SUITS.
- 20 (a) No writ, action, indictment, cause, or proceeding
- 21 pending in any court of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico,
- 22 shall abate by reason of the admission of the Commonwealth
- 23 of Puerto Rico into the Union, but shall proceed within such
- 24 appropriate State courts as are now established under the
- 25 Constitution of the Commonwealth, or shall continue in the

- 1 United States District Court for the District of Puerto Rico,
- 2 as the nature of the case may require.
- 3 (b) All civil causes of action and all criminal offenses.
- 4 which shall have arisen or been committed prior to the ad-
- 5 mission of the Commonwealth, but as to which no writ,
- 6 action, indictment, or proceeding shall be pending at the date
- 7 of such admission, shall be subject to prosecution in the ap-
- 8 propriate State courts or in the United States District Court
- 9 for the District of Puerto Rico in like manner, to the same
- 10 extent, and with like right of appellate review, as if such
- 11 State had been created and such State courts had been estab-
- 12 lished prior to the accrual of such causes of action or the
- 13 commission of such offenses. The admission of the State shall
- 14 effect no change in the procedural or substantive laws gov-
- 15 erning causes of action and criminal offenses which shall have
- 16 arisen or been committed, and any such criminal offenses as
- 17 shall have been committed against the laws of the Common-
- 18 wealth of Puerto Rico, shall be tried and punished by the
- 19 appropriate courts of the State, and any such criminal of-
- 20 fenses as shall have been committed against the laws of the
- 21 United States shall be tried and punished in the United
- 22 States District Court for the District of Puerto Rico.
- 23 SEC. 210. APPEALS.
- Parties shall have the same rights of judicial review of
- 25 final decisions of the United States District Court for the

- 1 District of Puerto Rico or the Supreme Court of the Com-
- 2 monwealth of Puerto Rico, in any case finally decided prior
- 3 to the admission of the State of Puerto Rico into the Union,
- 4 whether or not an appeal therefrom shall have been perfected
- 5 prior to such admission. The United States Court of Appeals
- 6 for the First Circuit and the Supreme Court of the United
- 7 States, shall have the same jurisdiction in such cases as by
- 8 law provided prior to the admission of the State into the
- 9 Union. Any mandate issued subsequent to the admission of
- 10 the State, shall be to the United States District Court for the
- 11 District of Puerto Rico or a court of the State, as appropri-
- 12 ate. Parties shall have the same rights of appeal from and
- 13 appellate review of all orders, judgments, and decrees of the
- 14 United States District Court for the District of Puerto Rico
- 15 and of the Supreme Court of Puerto Rico, in any case pend-
- 16 ing at the time of admission of the State into the Union, and
- 17 the Supreme Court of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico and
- 18 the Supreme Court of the United States shall have the same
- 19 jurisdiction therein, as by law provided in any case arising
- 20 subsequent to the admission of the State into the Union.

21 SEC. 211. MILITARY LANDS.

- 22 (a) Subject to subsection (b) and notwithstanding the ad-
- 23 mission of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico into the Union,
- 24 authority is reserved in the United States for the exercise by
- 25 the Congress of the United States of the power of exclusive

- 1 legislation, as provided by article I, section 8, clause 17, of
- 2 the Constitution of the United States, in all cases whatsoever
- 3 over such tracts or parcels of land as, immediately prior to
- 4 the admission of the State, are controlled or owned by the
- 5 United States and held for defense or Coast Guard purposes.
- 6 (b)(1) The Commonwealth of Puerto Rico shall always
- 7 have the right to serve civil or criminal process within such
- 8 tracts or parcels of land in suits or prosecutions for or on
- 9 account of rights acquired, obligations incurred, or crimes
- 10 committed within the State but outside of such tracts or
- 11 parcels of land.
- 12 (2) The reservation of authority in the United States for
- 13 the exercise by the Congress of the United States of the
- 14 power of exclusive legislation over such lands shall not oper-
- 15 ate to prevent such lands from being a part of the Common-
- 16 wealth of Puerto Rico, or to prevent the State from exercis-
- 17 ing over or upon such lands, concurrently with the Federal
- 18 Government, any jurisdiction which it would have in the ab-
- 19 sence of such reservation of authority and which is consistent
- 20 with the laws hereafter enacted by the Congress pursuant to
- 21 such reservation or authority.
- 22 (3) The power of exclusive legislation shall vest and
- 23 remain in the United States only so long as the particular
- 24 tract or parcel of land involved is controlled or owned by the
- 25 United States and used for defense or Coast Guard purposes,

1	except that the United States shall continue to have sole and
2	exclusive jurisdiction over such military installations as have
3	been or may be determined to be critical areas as designated
4	by the President of the United States or the Secretary of
5	Defense.
6	SEC. 212. UNITED STATES NATIONALITY.
7	No provision of this title shall operate to confer United
8	States nationality, to terminate nationality lawfully acquired,
9	or to restore nationality terminated or lost under any law of
10	the United States or under any treaty to which the United
11	States is or was a party.
12	SEC. 213. ECONOMIC ADJUSTMENT.
13	[TEXT TO COME]
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16	TITLE III—INDEPENDENCE
	TITLE III—INDEPENDENCE SEC. 301. CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.
16	
16 17	SEC. 301. CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION. (a) Should independence be certified, under section 101
16 17 18	SEC. 301. CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.
16 17 18 19	SEC. 301. CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION. (a) Should independence be certified, under section 101 of this Act, as having obtained a majority of the votes cast in
16 17 18 19 20	SEC. 301. CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION. (a) Should independence be certified, under section 101 of this Act, as having obtained a majority of the votes cast in the referendum, then the Legislative Assembly of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico shall provide, within 2 months, for
16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 301. CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION. (a) Should independence be certified, under section 101 of this Act, as having obtained a majority of the votes cast in the referendum, then the Legislative Assembly of the Com-
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	SEC. 301. CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION. (a) Should independence be certified, under section 101 of this Act, as having obtained a majority of the votes cast in the referendum, then the Legislative Assembly of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico shall provide, within 2 months, for the election of delegates to a constitutional convention to

- 1 of delegates must be held within 6 months after such 2 referendum.
- 3 (b) Those qualified to vote in the election of delegates to
- 4 the constitutional convention shall be (1) all persons born and
- 5 residing in Puerto Rico; (2) all persons residing in Puerto
- 6 Rico and one of whose parents was born in Puerto Rico; (3)
- 7 all persons who at the time of the adoption of this Act shall
- 8 have resided in Puerto Rico for a period of 20 years or more;
- 9 (4) all persons who established their residence in Puerto Rico
- 10 prior to attaining voting age and still reside in Puerto Rico;
- 11 and (5) spouses of all persons included in (1), (2), (3), and (4)
- 12 above.
- 13 (c) The laws of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico relat-
- 14 ing to additional voter qualifications and the electoral process
- 15 shall apply to this election.
- 16 (d) The constitutional convention shall meet within 3
- 17 months of the election of delegates at such time and place as
- 18 the Legislative Assembly of the Commonwealth of Puerto
- 19 Rico shall determine.
- 20 (e) The constitutional convention shall exercise jurisdic-
- 21 tion over all of the territory of Puerto Rico ceded to the
- 22 United States by Spain by virtue of the Treaty of Paris the
- 23 10th day of December 1898.

1 SEC. 302. CHARACTER OF THE CONSTITUTION.

- 2 (a) The constitutional convention mandated under the
- 3 previous section shall formulate and draft a constitution es-
- 4 tablishing a republican form of government which shall guar-
- 5 antee the protection of fundamental human rights.
- 6 (b) The fundamental human rights guaranteed by the
- 7 aforementioned constitution shall include such rights as due
- 8 process and equal protection under the law, freedom of
- 9 speech, press, assembly, association, and religion, as well as
- 10 the rights of the accused, and economic, social, and cultural
- 11 rights such as the right to education, adequate nutrition,
- 12 health services, adequate housing, and work or employment
- 13 and the right to own private property and to just compensa-
- 14 tion for the taking thereof.
- 15 (c) The property rights of the United States and Puerto
- 16 Rico shall be promptly adjusted and settled, and all existing
- 17 property rights of citizens or corporations of the United
- 18 States shall be acknowledged, respected, and safeguarded to
- 19 the same extent as property rights of citizens of Puerto Rico.
- 20 SEC. 303. RATIFICATION OF THE CONSTITUTION.
- 21 (a) The constitution adopted by the constitutional con-
- 22 vention shall be submitted to the people of Puerto Rico for its
- 23 ratification or rejection.
- 24 (b) The Legislative Assembly of the Commonwealth of
- 25 Puerto Rico shall call for a special election for such ratifica-

- 1 tion or rejection, to be held within 3 months of the adoption
- 2 of the constitution by the constitutional convention.
- 3 (c) The special election providing all qualified voters the
- 4 opportunity to cast a vote for or against the proposed consti-
- 5 tution shall be held in the manner prescribed by the Legisla-
- 6 tive Assembly of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico. In the
- 7 event such constitution is not approved in the election, it
- 8 shall be resubmitted to the convention for further consider-
- 9 ation and resubmission to the voters as provided in this
- 10 section.
- 11 (d) Those qualified to vote in this election shall be those
- 12 possessing the qualifications established in section 301 of this
- 13 title.
- 14 SEC. 304. ELECTION OF OFFICERS OF THE REPUBLIC.
- 15 (a) Within 30 days of the ratification of the constitution
- 16 as provided for by section 303 of this title, the Governor of
- 17 the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico shall issue a proclamation
- 18 calling for the election of such officers of the Republic of
- 19 Puerto Rico as may be required by the ratified constitution.
- 20 (b) The election of officers of the Republic shall be held
- 21 not later than 6 months after the date of ratification of the
- 22 constitution.
- 23 (c) The aforesaid election shall be held in accordance
- 24 with the procedures and requirements established in the con-
- 25 stitution of the Republic of Puerto Rico.

- 1 (d) The Governor of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico
- 2 shall certify the results of the election to the President of the
- 3 United States.
- 4 SEC. 305. JOINT TRANSITION COMMISSION.
- 5 (a) A joint transition commission shall be appointed in
- 6 equal numbers by the President of the United States and the
- 7 presiding officer of the constitutional convention of Puerto
- 8 Rico.
- 9 (b) The joint transition commission shall be responsible
- 10 for expediting the orderly transfer of all functions currently
- 11 exercised by the Government of the United States in Puerto
- 12 Rico, or in relation to Puerto Rico; including the recommen-
- 13 dation of appropriate legislation to the appropriate officials of
- 14 each government.
- 15 (c) Any necessary task forces established by the joint
- 16 transition commission shall be constituted in the same
- 17 manner as the commission.
- 18 (d) The Government of the Commonwealth of Puerto
- 19 Rico and the agencies of the Government of the United
- 20 States shall cooperate with the joint transition commission
- 21 and subsequently with the new officers of the Republic of
- 22 Puerto Rico, to provide for the orderly transfer of the func-
- 23 tions of government.
- 24 (e) The costs of the transition commission shall be
- 25 evenly divided between the United States and Puerto Rico,

- 1 and there is hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums
- 2 as are necessary for the United States share of these costs.
- 3 Agencies of the United States Government shall provide
- 4 technical assistance to the joint transition commission on a
- 5 reimbursable basis.
- 6 SEC. 306. RESOLUTION OF CONTROVERSIES PRIOR TO INDE-
- 7 PENDENCE.
- 8 Except as provided in title I of this Act and beginning
- 9 on the date of the certification provided for in title I of this
- 10 Act, and until the date of proclamation of independence, any
- 11 action arising from this title filed in courts of the United
- 12 States shall be stayed and referred to the joint transition
- 13 commission for resolution within a reasonable period of time.
- 14 SEC. 307. PROCLAMATIONS BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE
- 15 UNITED STATES AND THE HEAD OF STATE OF
- 16 THE REPUBLIC OF PUERTO RICO.
- 17 (a) Not later than 1 month after the official certification
- 18 of the elected officers of the Republic of Puerto Rico under
- 19 section 304, and the approval, in accordance with the consti-
- 20 tutional processes of Puerto Rico and the United States, of
- 21 the agreements set forth in sections 312 and 313, the Presi-
- 22 dent of the United States shall by proclamation withdraw and
- 23 surrender all rights of possession, supervision, jurisdiction,
- 24 control, or sovereignty then existing and exercised by the
- 25 United States over the territory and people of Puerto Rico,

- 1 and shall furthermore recognize on behalf of the United
- 2 States of America the independence of the Republic of Puerto
- 3 Rico and the authority of the government instituted by the
- 4 people of Puerto Rico under the constitution of their own
- 5 adoption. The proclamation shall state that the effective date
- 6 of withdrawal of the sovereignty of the United States and the
- 7 recognition of independence shall be the same as the date of
- 8 the proclamation of independence, as provided in subsection
- 9 (d).
- 10 (b) The President of the United States shall forward a
- 11 copy of the proclamation issued by him to the presiding offi-
- 12 cer of the constitutional convention of Puerto Rico within a
- 13 week after signature.
- 14 (c) Within 1 week after receiving the Presidential proc-
- 15 lamation and with the advice of the officer elected as head of
- 16 state of the Republic, the presiding officer of the constitution-
- 17 al convention shall determine the date in which the Govern-
- 18 ment of the Republic shall take office, and shall so notify the
- 19 Governor of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico and the
- 20 President of the United States.
- 21 (d) Upon taking office, the head of state of the Republic
- 22 of Puerto Rico shall immediately issue a proclamation declar-
- 23 ing (1) that Puerto Rico has become a sovereign, independent
- 24 nation; (2) that the Constitution of the Republic is thence-
- 25 forth in effect; (3) that the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico

1	and its Government have ceased to exist; and (4) that the
2	Government of the Republic will henceforth exercise its
3	powers and duties under its Constitution.
4	SEC. 308. EFFECTS OF THE PROCLAMATION OF INDEPEND
5	ENCE ON LEGAL AND CONSTITUTIONAL PROVI
6	SIONS.
7	(a) Upon the proclamation of independence as provided
8	in section 307, and except as otherwise provided in this title
9	or in any separate agreements hereinafterwards concluded
10	between the United States and the Republic of Puerto
11	Rico—
12	(1) all property, rights, and interests which the
13	United States may have acquired over Puerto Rico by
14	virtue of the Treaty of Paris of 1898, and thereafter by
15	cession, purchase, or eminent domain, with the excep-
16	tion of such land and other property, rights, or inter-
17	ests as may have been sold or otherwise legally dis-
18	posed of prior to the enactment of this Act, shall vest
19	in the Republic of Puerto Rico;
20	(2) all laws of the United States applicable to the
21	Commonwealth of Puerto Rico immediately prior to
22	the proclamation of independence shall no longer apply
23	in the Republic of Puerto Rico; and
24	(3) all laws and regulations of the Commonwealth

of Puerto Rico in force immediately before the procla-

1	mation of independence shall continue in force and
2	shall be read with such modifications, adaptions, quali-
3	fications and exceptions as may be necessary to bring
4	them into conformity with the Constitution of the Re-
5	public of Puerto Rico until such time as they shall be
6	replaced with new legislation: Provided, That any pro-
7	visions that may be incompatible with the sovereignty
8	of the Republic of Puerto Rico shall be deemed invalid.
9	SEC. 309. EFFECTS OF THE PROCLAMATION OF INDEPEND-

10 ENCE ON JUDICIAL PRONOUNCEMENTS.

- 11 Unless otherwise agreed by the Governments of the 12 United States and Puerto Rico in accordance with their re-13 spective constitutional processes:
- 14 (a) The Republic of Puerto Rico shall recognize and give effect to all orders and judgments rendered by United 15 States or Commonwealth courts prior to the proclamation of 16 17 independence pursuant to the laws of the United States then 18 applicable to the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.
- 19 (b) All judicial proceedings pending in the courts of the 20 Commonwealth of Puerto Rico prior to the proclamation of independence shall be continued in the corresponding courts 21 22 under the Constitution of the Republic of Puerto Rico.
- (c) Upon the proclamation of independence, the judicial 23 power of the United States shall no longer extend to Puerto Rico. All proceedings pending in the United States District 25

- 1 Court for the District of Puerto Rico shall be transferred to
- 2 the corresponding Puerto Rican courts of competence under
- 3 the Constitution of the Republic of Puerto Rico for disposi-
- 4 tion in conformity with laws applicable at the time when the
- 5 controversy in process arose. All proceedings pending in the
- 6 United States Court of Appeals for the First Circuit, or in the
- 7 Supreme Court of the United States, which may have initiat-
- 8 ed in the courts of the Commonwealth or in the United
- 9 States District Court for the District of Puerto Rico shall
- 10 continue until their final disposition and shall be submitted to
- 11 the competent authority of the Republic of Puerto Rico for
- 12 proper execution: Provided, That neither the United States
- 13 nor any of its officers is a party, in which case any final
- 14 judgment shall be properly executed by the competent au-
- 15 thority of the United States.
- 16 SEC. 310. STATE SUCCESSION.
- 17 (a) The Government of the Republic of Puerto Rico
- 18 shall be deemed successor to the Government of the Com-
- 19 monwealth of Puerto Rico and of all the rights and obliga-
- 20 tions thereof.
- 21 (b) Upon proclamation of independence the President of
- 22 the United States shall notify the governments with which
- 23 the United States is in diplomatic correspondence, to the
- 24 United Nations Organization, and to the Organization of
- 25 American States, that—

1	(1) the United States has recognized the inde-
2	pendence of the Republic of Puerto Rico; and

- (2) all obligations and responsibilities of the Government of the United States which arise from any valid bilateral or multilateral international instruments affecting Puerto Rico, insofar as said instruments may be held to have consequences for the United States because of their application to or in respect to Puerto Rico, shall cease: *Provided*, That such obligations and responsibilities may be assumed by the Government of the Republic of Puerto Rico in a manner to be determined and proclaimed by the appropriate officer of the Republic of Puerto Rico in accordance with its Constitution.
- 15 SEC. 311. CITIZENSHIP AND MIGRATION.

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- 16 (a) All matters pertaining to Puerto Rican citizenship 17 shall be regulated pursuant to the Constitution and laws of 18 the Republic of Puerto Rico.
- (b) Upon the certification of the referendum under sec-20 tion 101(c) of this Act, Puerto Rico shall no longer be 21 deemed to be a part of the United States for the purposes of 22 acquiring citizenship of the United States by place of birth. 23 Provisions of the Jones Act and Immigration and Nationality
- 24 Act declaring Puerto Rico to be a part of the United States
- 25 for the purpose of extending citizenship to persons born in

- 1 Puerto Rico are repealed or modified, as appropriate, to
- 2 delete any reference to Puerto Rico and Puerto Rico shall
- 3 not be considered to be a part of the United States for such
- 4 purposes: Provided, That nothing in this section shall affect
- 5 the citizenship of any person born prior to the date of the
- 6 certification of the referendum.
- 7 (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no
- 8 person born outside of the United States after the proclama-
- 9 tion of independence shall be a citizen of the United States at
- 10 birth if the parents of such person acquired citizenship in the
- 11 United States solely by virtue of being born in Puerto Rico
- 12 prior to the proclamation of independence pursuant to the
- 13 provisions of the Jones Act and the Immigration and
- 14 Nationality Act.
- 15 (d) Every person who is not a citizen of the United
- 16 States and becomes a citizen of the Republic of Puerto Rico
- 17 upon proclamation of independence, or becomes a citizen of
- 18 the Republic by birth after the proclamation of independence,
- 19 or is a naturalized citizen of the Republic who has been an
- 20 actual resident of Puerto Rico for not less than five years,
- 21 may, after proclamation of independence, enter into, lawfully
- 22 engage in occupations, and establish residence as immigrants
- 23 in the United States, as provided by law and regulations of
- 24 the United States: Provided, That notwithstanding any other
- 25 provision of law, persons identified under subsection (c) above

- 1 may, for a period of twenty-five years after such proclama-
- 2 tion, enter into, lawfully engage in occupations, and establish
- 3 residence as a nonimmigrant in the United States and its
- 4 territories and possessions, and such persons shall be consid-
- 5 ered to have the permission of the Attorney General of the
- 6 United States to accept employment in the United States:
- 7 Provided further, That this subsection does not confer on
- 8 such citizens of Puerto Rico the right to establish the resi-
- 9 dence necessary for naturalization under the Immigration and
- 10 Nationality Act, or to petition for benefits for alien relatives
- 11 under that Act. This subsection, however, shall not prevent a
- 12 citizen of Puerto Rico from otherwise acquiring such rights or
- 13 lawful permanent resident alien status in the United States.
- 14 SEC. 312. DEFENSE.
- 15 (a) Specific arrangements for the use of military areas
- 16 by the United States in Puerto Rico, and to meet United
- 17 States defense interests, shall be negotiated by a task force
- 18 established by the joint transition commission, and approved
- 19 in accordance with the constitutional processes of the United
- 20 States and Puerto Rico, and shall come into effect simulta-
- 21 neously with the proclamation of independence. These specif-
- 22 ic arrangements shall include—
- 23 (1) detailed operating rights and status of forces
- 24 agreements executed by the Government of Puerto
- Rico and the Government of the United States of

- America providing for continued use and unrestricted access, by the Government of the United States, to military installations and facilities, and Coast Guard facilities, to the same extent, and in the same manner, of use and access as existed during the period of time prior to the referendum provided for in section 101 of this Act;
 - (2) an agreement by the Government of Puerto Rico to deny to third countries any access to or use of the territory of Puerto Rico for military purposes, except as specifically authorized by the Government of the United States; and
 - (3) an agreement by the Government of Puerto Rico that the foregoing conditions will remain in full force and effect until terminated or otherwise amended by mutual consent of the Governments of Puerto Rico and of the United States: *Provided*, That either party may at any time request the initiation of renegotiations of such conditions.
- 20 (b) Mutual consent by the United States to any alter-21 ation, modification, amendment, limitation, termination, or 22 other change in the agreement referred to in paragraph (2) 23 shall occur only pursuant to a specific Act of Congress.

1 SEC. 313. FEDERAL PROGRAMS.

	SEC. 313. PEDERAL I ROCKANIS.
2	The following provisions of this title are enacted in rec-
3	ognition of the unique relationship between the United States
4	and Puerto Rico, to affect a smooth and fair transition for the
5	new Republic of Puerto Rico with a minimum of economic
6	disruption, and to promote the development of a viable
7	economy in the new Republic of Puerto Rico:
8	(a) All Federal programs shall continue to apply in
9	Puerto Rico until the end of the fiscal year in which inde-
10	pendence is proclaimed, at which time, a grant shall be paid
11	to the Republic of Puerto Rico pursuant to subsection (3).
12	(b) Specific arrangements for the continuation or phase-
13	out of Federal programs shall be negotiated by a Task Force
14	on Economic Assistance established by the Joint Transition
15	Commission and approved in accordance with the constitu-
16	tional processes of Puerto Rico and the United States, and
17	shall come into effect simultaneously with the proclamation
18	of independence. In general, the specific arrangements shall
19	provide that—
20	(1) all Federal pension programs, such as veterans
21	and civil service benefits, shall continue as provided by
22	United States law;
23	(2) prior to the end of the fiscal year in which in-
24	dependence is proclaimed, an estimate will be deter-
25	mined by the Comptroller General of the United States
26	of the total number of grants, programs, and services,

including Medicare, provided by the Federal Government in Puerto Rico in such fiscal year, except for those grants, programs, and services which will other-

wise continue under this Act:

- (3) a grant equal to the amount established under paragraph (2) shall be paid annually to the Republic of Puerto Rico beginning in the fiscal year following the year in which independence is proclaimed, through the ninth year following the certification of the referendum;
- (4) the United States will fulfill any contractual obligations outstanding at the time of the proclamation of independence; and
- (5) Puerto Rico may request that the United States renew or continue any existing contractual obligations: *Provided*, That Puerto Rico agrees that the cost of such renewal or continuation shall be deducted from the annual grant made under paragraph (3).
- 18 (c) There are authorized to be appropriated such sums 19 as may be necessary to fulfill the purposes of this section. 20 SEC. 314. SOCIAL SECURITY.
- 21 (a) The Joint Transition Commission established under 22 section 305 of this Act shall establish a Task Force on Social 23 Security to protect the rights of workers who have perma-24 nently insured status under the Old Age, Survivors and Dis-25 ability Insurance programs under title II of the Social Securi-

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- 1 ty Act, as of five years subsequent to the certification of the
- 2 referendum, and to negotiate agreements necessary for the
- 3 coordination of the Social Security System of the United
- 4 States with a similar system to be established in the new
- 5 Republic of Puerto Rico. Any such agreement shall be ap-
- 6 proved in accordance with the constitutional processes of
- 7 Puerto Rico and the United States.
- 8 (b) In order to provide adequate time for the negotiation
- 9 and implementation of the agreements provided for in (a), the
- 10 current provisions of the Old Age, Survivors, and Disability
- 11 Insurance programs under title Π of the Social Security Act
- 12 shall apply for five years subsequent to the certification of the
- 13 referendum under section 101 of this Act.
- 14 SEC. 315. MEDICARE.
- 15 The Joint Transition Commission established under sec-
- 16 tion 305 of this Act shall establish a Task Force on Medicare
- 17 to negotiate agreements necessary for the coordination of the
- 18 Medicare system of the United States with a similar system
- 19 to be established in the new Republic of Puerto Rico. Any
- 20 such agreement shall be approved in accordance with the
- 21 constitutional processes of Puerto Rico and the United
- 22 States.
- 23 SEC. 316. TRADE RELATIONS.
- 24 [TEXT TO COME]

SEC. 317. TAXATION.

[TEXT TO	COME
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4 SEC. 318. CURRENCY AND FINANCE.

5	(a) The Joint Transition Commission established under
6	section 305 shall establish a Task Force on Currency and
7	Finance to negotiate an agreement to assist the Republic of
8	Puerto Rico in the design and establishment of a deposit in-
9	surance system, to determine the extent of financial support
10	to be provided for the system by United States insurance
11	organizations in which Puerto Rico's financial institutions
12	currently participate, and to make the necessary arrange-
13	ments with respect to the use of United States currency by
14	the Republic of Puerto Rico if so requested by the Republic.
15	Any such agreement shall be approved in accordance with
16	the constitutional processes of Puerto Rico and the United
17	States.
18	(b) The guarantees provided by the Government of the
19	United States to investors in the secondary market for exist-
20	ing loans, particularly mortgage loans guaranteed by the
21	Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA), the
22	Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA), the Federal
23	Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLM) and other United
24	States Government instrumentalities, shall be maintained for

Puerto Rico-originated loans existing on the date of the proc-

lamation until maturity.

- 1 SEC. 319. PUBLIC DEBT.
- The debts, liabilities, and obligations of the Common-
- 3 wealth of Puerto Rico, its municipalities and instrumental-
- 4 ities, valid and outstanding upon the date of the proclamation
- 5 of independence, shall be assumed by the Republic of Puerto
- 6 Rico. The tax treatment of any such obligations shall be un-
- 7 affected by the proclamation of independence to the extent
- 8 that similar obligations issued by states are so treated.

9 TITLE IV—COMMONWEALTH

- 10 SEC. 401. PROVISIONS.
- 11 Should Commonwealth be certified, under section 101
- 12 of this Act, as having obtained a majority of the votes cast in
- 13 the referendum, the provisions of this title shall go into effect
- 14 on October 1, 1991.
- 15 SEC. 402. PRINCIPLES OF COMMONWEALTH.
- 16 (a) The Commonwealth of Puerto Rico is a self-govern-
- 17 ing body politic joined in political relationship with the
- 18 United States and under the sovereignty of the United
- 19 States. This relationship is permanent unless revoked by
- 20 mutual consent.
- 21 (b) The policy of the United States shall be to enhance
- 22 the Commonwealth relationship enjoyed by the Common-
- 23 wealth of Puerto Rico and the United States to enable the
- 24 people of Puerto Rico to accelerate their economic and social
- 25 development, to attain maximum cultural autonomy, and in

- 1 matters of government to take into account local conditions
- 2 in Puerto Rico.
- 3 SEC. 403. APPLICATION OF FEDERAL LAW.
- 4 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the
- 5 Governor of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico may certify
- 6 from time to time to the Speaker of the House of Representa-
- 7 tives and the President of the Senate, that the Legislature of
- 8 the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico has adopted a resolution
- 9 that states that a Federal law or provision thereof should no
- 10 longer apply to the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico because
- 11 there is no overriding national interest in having such Feder-
- 12 al law be applicable in the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico
- 13 and such applicability does not serve the interests of the
- 14 people of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico. A Federal law
- 15 or laws or provision thereof so certified shall no longer apply
- 16 to the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico if a joint resolution
- 17 approving the recommendation of the Government of the
- 18 Commonwealth of Puerto Rico is enacted.
- 19 (b) Expedited Congressional Review.—
- 20 (1) Congressional rulemaking.—This sub-21 section is enacted by the Congress as an exercise of
- the rulemaking power of the Senate and the House of
- Representatives, respectively, and as such it is deemed
- a part of the rules of each House, respectively, but is
- applicable only with respect to the procedure to be fol-

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lowed in this subsection; and it supersedes other rules only to the extent that it is inconsistent therewith.

- (2) RESOLUTION.—For purposes of this subsection, the term "resolution" means only a joint resolution, the matter after the resolving clause of which is as follows: "That the House of Representatives and the Senate approve the recommendation of the Government of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico in the submitted certification the Congress to ". Such resolution shall also include the certification received from the Governor of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico and a copy of the resolution adopted by the Legislature of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.
- with respect to such a certification by the Governor of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico shall immediately be referred by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate, as the case may be, to the House Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs and to the Senate Committee on Energy and Natural Resources and at the same time to such other committees as the Speaker of the House of Representatives or the President of the Senate, respectively, shall determine.

(4) DISCHARGE.—

(A) In GENERAL.—If the committee or committees to which a resolution with respect to a certification by the Governor of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico has been referred has not reported it at the end of 45 calendar days after its referral, it shall be in order to move to discharge the committee from further consideration of such resolution.

- (B) Motions.—A motion of discharge may be made only by an individual favoring the resolution and shall be highly privileged (except that it may not be made after the committee has reported a resolution with respect to the same submittal), and debate thereon shall be limited to not more than one hour, to be divided equally between those favoring and those opposing the resolution. An amendment to the motion shall not be in order, and it shall not be in order to move to reconsider the vote by which the motion was agreed to or disagreed to.
- (C) Renewal.—If the motion to discharge is agreed to or disagreed to, the motion may not be renewed, nor may another motion to discharge

the committee be made with respect to any other resolution with respect to the same submittal.

(5) FLOOR CONSIDERATION.—

- (A) MOTION TO CONSIDER.—When the last committee has reported, or has been discharged from further consideration of a resolution, it shall be at any time thereafter in order (even though a previous motion to the same effect has been disagreed to) to move to proceed to the consideration of the resolution. The motion shall be highly privileged and shall not be debatable. An amendment to the motion shall not be in order, and it shall not be in order to move to reconsider the vote by which the motion was agreed to or disagreed to.
- (B) Debate and consideration.—Debate on the resolution referred to in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph shall be limited to not more than 10 hours, which shall be divided equally between those favoring and those opposing such resolution. A motion to further limit debate shall not be debatable. An amendment to or motion to recommit the resolution shall not be in order, and it shall not be in order to move to reconsider the vote by which such resolution was agreed to or disagreed to.

1	(6) DETERMINATION ON MOTIONS.—
2	(A) MOTIONS TO POSTPONE OR TO PRO-
3	CEED TO OTHER BUSINESS.—Motions to post-
4	pone, made with respect to the discharge from
5	committee, or the consideration of a resolution
6	and motions to proceed to the consideration of
7	other business, shall be decided without debate.
8	(B) APPEALS FROM THE DECISION OF THE
9	CHAIR.—Appeals from the decision of the Chair
10	relating to the application of the rules of the
11	Senate or the House of Representatives, as the
12	case may be, to the procedure relating to a reso-
13	lution shall be decided without debate.
14	(7) Subsequent Action.—Notwithstanding any
15	of the provisions of this subsection, if a House has ap-
16	proved a resolution with respect to a submittal, then it
17	shall not be in order to consider in that House any
18	other resolution with respect to the same such
19	submittal.
20	(8) COMPUTATION OF PERIOD.—For the purpose
21	of this subsection—
22	(A) continuity of session is broken only by an
23	adjournment of the Congress sine die; and
24	(B) the days on which either House is not in
25	session because of any adjournment of more than

1	three days to a day certain are excluded in the
2	computation of any period of time in which Con-
3	gress is in continuous session.
4	(c) This section shall not apply to—
5	(1) any Federal statutory law, or provision there-
6	of, establishing directly or indirectly grants and/or
7	services to citizens of the United States as individuals;
8	(2) any Federal statutory law or provision thereof
9	relating to citizenship; or
10	(3) any Federal statutory law or provision thereof
11	pertaining to the foreign relations, defense, or national
12	security.
13	(d) The Governor of Puerto Rico may enter into interna-
14	tional agreements to promote the international interests of
15	Puerto Rico as authorized by the President of the United
16	States and consistent with the laws and international obliga-
17	tions of the United States.
18	SEC. 404. REGULATORY REVIEW.
19	(a) For the purposes of this section, the definitions in
20	title 5, United States Code, section 551, apply.
21	(b) All agencies shall be guided by the policy stated in
22	section 402 when carrying out their duties under statutes and
23	rules applicable in or affecting the Commonwealth of Puerto
24	Rico. Any agency that engages in rulemaking pursuant to
25	title 5, United States Code, section 553, shall include in the

1 concise general statement of the basis and purpose of any

2 final rules adopted in response to any data, views, or argu-

3 ments submitted to it that raise a question of the consistency

4 of such rules with such policy.

5 (c) When an agency publishes in the Federal Register

6 any final rule (other than a rule issued after notice and hear-

7 ing required by statute), that does by its terms apply in the

8 Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Governor of the Com-

9 monwealth of Puerto Rico may submit to the agency within

10 30 days (or such longer period as the agency may have pre-

11 scribed as the period between publication of the rule and its

12 effectiveness) the Governor's determination that such rule is

13 inconsistent with such policy and, if appropriate, of how it

14 could be made consistent. Thereupon, the agency shall recon-

15 sider the question of the consistency of its rule with such

16 policy and shall, within 45 days of its receipt of the Gover-

17 nor's determination, publish in the Federal Register its

18 finding either—

19 (1) that—

20 (A) by the terms of the statute pursuant to
21 which the rule is made the agency has no discre22 tion to make the rule inapplicable in the Common23 wealth of Puerto Rico or to vary the terms of the
24 rule in its application to the Commonwealth or,

1	(B) there is a national interest that the rule
2	be applicable in Puerto Rico in the terms in which
3	it was published, or

- (2) that the rule is not consistent with such policy, in which case the rule, whether or not previously applicable in the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico in accordance with its terms as published, shall not be so applicable or shall be applicable only in accordance with the terms specified in the agency's finding.
- (3) Within 60 days of the publication by an agency of the finding provided for in paragraph (1) the Governor of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, if aggrieved by such finding, may petition for review thereof in the United States Court of Appeals of the First Circuit or the District of Columbia Circuit. In any such review proceeding the scope of review shall be as prescribed in section 706 of title 5, United State Code. Federal courts shall have no jurisdiction to entertain any action brought by any other party challenging agency compliance with this subsection.

21 SEC. 405. AVIATION.

The officials of the Department of State and the Department of Transportation shall seek the advice of appropriate officials of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico when negotiat-

1	ing any air transportation agreements which would affect air
2	traffic to or from the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.
3	SEC. 406. INTERNATIONAL TRADE.
4	[TEXT TO COME]
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6	SEC. 407. FEDERAL PROGRAMS: CONSOLIDATION OF GRANT-
7	IN-AID PROGRAMS.
8	Section 501 of Public Law 95-134 (91 Stat. 1159,
9	1164) as amended, is further amended by deleting "Virgin
10	Islands," and inserting in lieu thereof "Virgin Islands,
11	Puerto Rico,".
12	SEC. 408. CONSULTATION IN APPOINTEES AND NOMINATIONS.
13	(a) In considering the qualifications of persons who may
14	be appointed to serve as: Supervisor, Caribbean National
15	Forest; Superintendent, San Juan Historic Site; Manager,
16	Department of Housing and Urban Development, San Juan;
17	Director, Caribbean Field Office, Environmental Protection
18	Agency; Director, Farmer's Home Administration, San
19	Juan; District Director, United States Customs Service, San
20	Juan; District Director, Small Business Administration; and
21	District Director, Immigration and Naturalization Service;
22	the head of such department or agency shall consult with the
23	Governor or other appropriate official in Puerto Rico as to
24	whether there are special circumstances or qualifications
25	which should be considered in making the appointment.

- 1 (b) Prior to nominating any person to serve in Puerto
- 2 Rico whose appointment requires the advice and consent of
- 3 the Senate of the United States, the President shall consult
- 4 with the Governor as to whether there are any special cir-
- 5 cumstances or qualifications which should be considered in
- 6 deciding on a nomination. Nothing in this section requires or
- 7 prohibits the disclosure of individuals under consideration for
- 8 such position nor as a limitation on the ability of the heads of
- 9 agencies to appoint, or the President to nominate any individ-
- 10 ual. This subsection shall not apply with respect to any posi-
- 11 tion in the Armed Forces of the United States, the Coast
- 12 Guard, and in agencies engaged in law enforcement.
- 13 SEC. 409. PUERTO RICO LIAISON OFFICE.
- 14 (a) There is hereby established the Office of Senate Liai-
- 15 son for the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico ("Office"). The
- 16 Office shall be headed by an individual appointed by the Gov-
- 17 ernor of Puerto Rico and who shall serve at the pleasure of
- 18 the Governor and who shall be known as the Puerto Rico
- 19 liaison. The purposes of the Office shall be to facilitate the
- 20 exchange of information between the Senate and the Govern-
- 21 ment of Puerto Rico.
- 22 (b) The Committee on Rules and Administration shall
- 23 determine what facilities and services shall be available to
- 24 such Office. All personnel of such Office shall be issued such
- 25 identification as will entitle them to the same privileges as

- 1 are afforded to employees of the Congressional Research
- 2 Service and no employee of the Office shall be permitted
- 3 privilege of the Senate floor.
- 4 (c) There are authorized to be appropriated annually
- 5 \$600,000 for salaries and \$56,000 for office expenses of the
- 6 Office. The liaison shall appoint and fix the compensation of
- 7 such personnel as may be necessary to carry out the duties
- 8 and functions of the Office. All personnel of the Office, in-
- 9 cluding the liaison, while not employees of the Senate, shall,
- 10 other than as provided in subsection (b), be treated as if they
- 11 were employees of the Senate with respect to pay and em-
- 12 ployment benefits, rights, privileges, and restrictions and
- 13 shall be subject to all requirements otherwise applicable to
- 14 employees of the Senate.
- 15 (d) The Office shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the
- 16 Committee on Rules and Administration.
- 17 SEC. 410. PASSPORTS.
- 18 (a) The following new section shall be added to title 22
- 19 as section 211b:
- 20 "SECTION 211b. UNITED STATES PASSPORT OFFICE IN PUERTO
- 21 RICO.
- 22 "(a) The Secretary of State shall establish a Passport
- 23 Office for the Caribbean located in San Juan, Puerto Rico.
- 24 "(b) The Secretary of State and the Attorney General
- 25 shall consult with the Governor of Puerto Rico to determine

- 1 what administrative actions can be taken to expedite the
- 2 processing of visas and also to provide an expedited consider-
- 3 ation of visas where the Governor makes such a request to
- 4 accommodate an individual or individuals who have been in-
- 5 vited to Puerto Rico by the Governor and shall report to
- 6 Congress on such consultations and administrative action by
- 7 March 15, 1990.".
- 8 SEC. 411. COMMUNITY VALUES.
- 9 The actions specified in subsection (b) shall be exempt
- 10 from the antitrust laws of the United States.
- 11 (a) Definitions.—
- 12 (1) "antitrust laws" has the meaning given such
- term in the first section of the Clayton Act (15 U.S.C.
- 14 12) and shall also include section 5 of the Federal
- 15 Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 45);
- 16 (2) "person in the television industry" means a
- television network, any entity which produces pro-
- gramming for television distribution, including theatri-
- cal motion pictures, the National Cable Television As-
- sociation, the Association of Independent Television
- 21 Stations, Inc., the National Association of Broadcast-
- ers, the Motion Picture Association of America, and
- each of the networks' affiliate organizations, and televi-
- 24 sion stations and cable television operators licensed to

- operate in Puerto Rico and shall include any individual
- 2 acting on behalf of such person; and
- 3 (3) "telecast" means any program broadcast by a
- 4 television broadcast station or transmitted by a cable
- 5 television system.
- 6 (b) The antitrust laws shall not apply to any joint discus-
- 7 sion, consideration, review, action or agreement by or among
- 8 persons in the television industry for the purpose of, and lim-
- 9 ited to, developing and disseminating voluntary guidelines de-
- 10 signed to (1) alleviate the negative impact of violence in tele-
- 11 cast material, (2) alleviate the negative impact of illegal drug
- 12 use in telecast material, and (3) alleviate the negative impact
- 13 of sexually explicit material in telecast material, and promote
- 14 local programming in the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.
- 15 (c)(1) The exemption provided in subsection (b) shall not
- 16 apply to any joint discussion, consideration, review, action, or
- 17 agreement which results in a boycott of any person.
- 18 (2) The exemption provided in section 2 shall apply only
- 19 to activities conducted within 36 months after the date of
- 20 enactment of this Act, but may be extended for other 36
- 21 month periods upon declaration by the Governor of Puerto
- 22 Rico.
- 23 SEC. 412. FEDERAL PROPERTIES.
- 24 (a)(1) The President shall report to Congress by March
- 25 15, 1990, on the eight Federal properties listed in paragraph

- (3) below. The report shall include an assessment of the Fed-1 eral need for each property, the costs and/or benefits of dis- $\mathbf{2}$ posal of each property, and the comments of the Government of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico regarding each 5 property. (2) Unless the President finds that there is a national 6 interest which requires continued Federal ownership of each 7 property, then he shall provide for the transfer of such properties to the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico according to 9 such terms as he determines to be appropriate with respect to each. 11 12 (3) Identified Properties: 13 (A) The Federal courthouse in Old San Juan; 14 (B) Former Stop 7½ Naval Residence: (C) San Geronimo Quarters; 15 16 (D) Custom House in San Juan; 17 (E) Custom House in Mayaguez;
- 18 (F) Custom House in Ponce:
- 19 (G) Custom House in Fajardo; and
- 20 (H) Coast Guard facility at Puntilla.
- SEC. 413. SAN JUAN NATIONAL HISTORIC SITE ADVISORY 21 22 COMMISSION.
- (a) There is hereby established a commission to be 23 known as the San Juan National Historic Site Advisory Commission ("the commission") which shall regularly advise

- 1 the Secretary of the Interior ("the Secretary") on the oper-
- 2 ation, management, and administration of the San Juan Na-
- 3 tional Historic Site ("the site").
- 4 (b) The commission shall consist of the Governor of the
- 5 Commonwealth of Puerto Rico (or the Governor's designee),
- 6 the Director of the National Park Service (or the Director's
- 7 designee), three members to be appointed by the Governor of
- 8 the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and three members to be
- 9 appointed by the Secretary. One of the members appointed
- 10 by the Governor and one member appointed by the Secretary
- 11 shall serve as cochairpersons of the commission.
- 12 (c)(1) Members appointed to the commission by the Gov-
- 13 ernor and the Secretary shall be appointed for a term of four
- 14 years. A member may serve after the expiration of his term
- 15 until his successor has taken office.
- 16 (2) Any vacancy on the commission shall be filled in the
- 17 manner the original appointment was made.
- 18 (3) Members of the commission shall receive no addi-
- 19 tional pay, allowances, or benefits as a result of their service
- 20 on the commission, but the Secretary may pay expenses rea-
- 21 sonably incurred in carrying out their responsibilities under
- 22 this section on vouchers signed by the cochairpersons;
- 23 (4) A majority of the members of the commission shall
- 24 constitute a quorum but a lesser number may hold hearings.
- 25 Each member of the commission shall be entitled to one vote,

- 1 which shall be equal to the vote of every other member of the
- 2 commission.
- 3 (5) The provisions of section 14(b) of the Federal Advi-
- 4 sory Committee Act (Act of October 6, 1972; 86 Stat. 776)
- 5 are hereby waived with respect to the commission.
- 6 (d) The Secretary shall from time to time, but at least
- 7 annually, meet with the commission on matters relating to
- 8 the planning, management, and administration of the site.
- 9 Such meetings shall be open to the public and shall be held at
- 10 such times and in such places as to encourage public partici-
- 11 pation. The commission shall provide the public with ade-
- 12 quate notice of such meetings.
- 13 (e) The commission shall prepare annually and transmit
- 14 to the Secretary, the Committee on Energy and Natural Re-
- 15 sources of the United States Senate, and the Committee on
- 16 Interior and Insular Affairs of the United States House of
- 17 Representatives, a report containing such information and
- 18 recommendations regarding the operation, management, and
- 19 administration of the site as the commission deems desirable,
- 20 including but not limited to recommendations with respect to
- 21 the revision of the general management plan for the site.